

sales, just concluded, and for Colonial and other fine Wools the competition was very animated. The Australians were a fair parcel, and were taken readily at an advance of July 24 per lb. on the prices of our last Nov. sales, or the London sales in October. The United States Wool attracted considerable notice. At the last sales a good deal was offered, but, being then imperfectly known to the trade, very little progress could be made in sales.

The Iron Trade, Birmingham, Jan. 9.—The prices today remained firm, with a decided tendency to a rise in all descriptions of iron. At the Wolverhampton meeting a fortnight ago, bar iron was understood to be £10 per ton. This price was firmly maintained to-day.

There are many other articles manufactured by the American iron works, which may be exported to England with advantage, provided this new tariff is fully carried out.

From our Texas Correspondent.

CORPUS CHRISTI, TEXAS, 12th February, 1846.

My Dear Sir:—The camps of the several corps of army present an appearance of the greatest activity—the note of preparation for field service has been sounded—orders have been issued requiring the troops to be in readiness at short notice for a "field movement," every branch of the staff is diligently employed in making the necessary arrangements—the Quartermaster's department, in completing and equipping the baggage train, which I understand will consist of more than three hundred wagons, 1,500 mules, and 400 yoke of oxen—the Commissaries in furnishing supplies.

The Artillery, always the most tedious and difficult part of our army to organize and equip, is now nearly complete—a siege battery only being required to enable us to move.

The Light Artillery, the Dragoons and the several Brigades of Infantry, are actively engaged in the various drills of their respective arms; and a stranger, approaching our camp for the first time, at the hour of morning drill, might imagine that we had really met the enemy, and a sharp combat had commenced. The scattering fire of the "skirmishers" followed by the heavy rolling fire of musketry from several regiments of infantry—the deep booming of the artillery—the loud shouts of charging squadrons of dragoons, mingled with the deep notes of the horse artillery bugles, as it dashes across the plain to obtain a commanding position from which to deliver devastating fire; all reminds one of the thrilling description of some real battle field.

Thus passes the morning hour, and the troops retire to the camp, exhausted with their gallant conduct upon a bloodless field.

The army will not probably move before the first of March, in consequence of the almost impassable state of the prairies, caused by excessive rains upon a clay soil; but as soon as the country will permit wagons to pass over it, the army will be put in motion for the Rio Bravo del Norte, in three divisions, (it is believed.)—the advance, under General Worth, consisting of his own brigade of infantry, the horse artillery, and (probably) one squadron of dragoons;—the remainder of the artillery, dragoons, and infantry, following in quick succession, to support him if attacked.

Whether the Mexicans will permit us to occupy the left bank of the del Norte, quietly, is a problem which experiment alone can solve, but if credit is to be given to one-tenth of the reports of Mexican strength and their determination to resist our further advance, we may expect to be totally overthrown. The traders report that 12,000 men are being concentrated on Matamoros, 4000 of which are choice troops from the city of Mexico. To oppose which we cannot carry into the field more than 3000 effective men, of all arms, (artillery, dragoons, and infantry.)

I do not believe, however, we have anything to fear from this people. Poor distracted country! Rent by revolution after revolution, and scourged by tyrant following tyrant, until she is utterly exhausted and ready to become the prey of any ambitious neighbor.

I suppose the Gulf squadron will co-operate with us, though I have not heard that orders to that effect have been issued. But why not blockade Vera Cruz at once, and demand of the government *de facto*, (no matter who may be at its head,) a speedy adjustment of all matters of indemnity and boundary? I told you last fall that nothing could be accomplished by waiting here. Texas has already tried the "military inactivity" tactics, and what has she obtained? Nothing but a continued state of hostility for nearly ten years. Shall we follow her example? I trust not—on the contrary, I say, send down your Navy here—make a levy of 5,000 riflemen, fill the ranks of your present army, and I will answer for it, we shall then have peace, and such a boundary as we desire, and not till then.

I am, very respectfully and sincerely your friend,

CARD.

The undersigned, passengers on the Steam Packet C. Vanderbilt, from Charleston to Wilmington, on the night of the 18th February, deeply impressed with the many services and seamanship conduct of Captain Thomas Marshall, and his Officers, exhibited in successfully encountering a most terrific gale, would take this method of expressing to Captain Marshall their high estimation of his abilities, and their heartfelt thanks for his exertions on that occasion.

A. McBryde, Montgomery, Ala.; George Cowles, do.; Richard Root, do.; F. P. Dubois, Philadelphia; R. S. Hunt, Greensboro', Ala.; H. A. Toler, New York; D. Adams, Columbus, Geo.; G. W. Woodruff, do.; James Kyle, do.; F. S. Johnson, Clinton, Geo.; C. Hutchings, do.; G. Pope, New York; Dr. P. N. Butler, Beaufort, S. C.; John W. Clark, Macon, Geo.; A. Williams, New York; John Trener, Millidgeville, Geo.; Edward Woodruff, Macon, Geo.; David Maginnis, Philadelphia; H. H. Stensbury, do.; D. Heidt, Savannah, Geo.; A. Wolfe, Mobile, Ala.; H. Nelson, Vicksburg, Miss.; A. S. Gillet, do.; J. G. Stearns, N. J.; Wm. M. Young, Savannah, Geo.; George Newton, N. C.; Alex. McGuire, Scotland; Thos. C. Peck, Columbus, S. C.

The Temptation.—Wilson in the Planter's says that when Martin's painting of the temptation of Adam and Eve was being exhibited in New Orleans, which represented our maternal ancestor—in the most beautiful of created things—in the act of presenting the forbidden fruit to Adam, with the serpent looking intently with glaring eyes from among the branches of the tree of Knowledge, each member of the exhibition room was crowded with spectators, and the utmost silence prevailed in the absorbing contemplation of this masterly creation of art. On one of these occasions, two Kentuckians, who occupied seats in the rear of the audience, were overheard to hold the following colloquy:

"I say John, it was a temptation unfortunate thing for us that the old fellow eat that apple."

"Unfortunately! well, may he so; but how the—could he help it? Darn my buttons if I wouldn't a swallowed that bloody snake, and made no bones of it, if that 'ere gal had a ask'd me!"

A New Brick Machine.—We examined on Saturday last a new brick machine, constructed by Culbertson, McMillan & Co., which appears to be a great improvement upon any thing of the kind which has yet been attempted. In fact it differs entirely in principle from any we have before seen or heard of.

The clay in the crude state is thrown with a shovel into a hopper, in which a mill or pulverizer, placed over the upper press-wheel in such a manner as to discharge the clay into the moulds on both sides of the press-wheel. The moulds being filled in this manner with pulverized clay, pass under the press-wheel twice—giving the brick a double pressure, and shoving them smooth by means of a knife attached to the machine. The bricks are then thrown out of the moulds by an admirable contrivance on a table set at each end of the machine, at the rate, the proprietors say, of 5000 per hour, sufficiently hard to be stacked in the kiln. As the whole works will be under cover they can work as well in rainy and foul weather as when dry. Cincinnati Atlas.

Smith O'Brien and Oregon.—The great leader of the Irish people, second only in influence to O'Connell, made, at the last meeting of the Association, one of the most noble displays of manly eloquence ever uttered in Conciliation Hall. After treating on a variety of topics conversant with the business of the day, he advanced to the present belligerent attitude of Great Britain towards America, and openly declared that Irishmen had sanctioned and sustained England in her unjust war; and that such would not be the case any longer; then quoting the Edinburgh Review, to show that the claim of England was no better than that of the United States, he declared in the name of the Irish people, that if England should obstinately persist in wanton waste of blood and treasure, for the barren waste of Oregon, the Irish people should not be any party to the injustice!—This is a most remarkable speech, coming from a gentleman of Smith O'Brien's well known firmness, influence and great property. This has produced a great sensation. Should Ireland be able to preserve an inflexible neutrality, England cannot, will not go to war for one year.

Dublin correspondence of the Tribune.

GOOD FARMING.

The Upper Mississippian, publishes the following facts in regard to the produce of the farm of Nazro and Elisha P. Reynolds, about six miles from Rock Island, Ill. Their crop is as follows:

Wheat, winter,	3350 bush.
do spring,	400
Total amount of wheat,	4250
Corn,	3000
Oats,	500
Potatoes,	300
Beef,	lbs. 12000
Pork,	8500
Forty-three calves: eighty shoats; and four colts.	

Cut, cured and stacked 300 tons of hay, which is all needed for the farm stock on the farm, besides lots of provender.

This farm has under cultivation, three hundred acres. Fall wheat sowed, two hundred.

NOW WHAT IS THE RESULT?

We will estimate every thing low.	
Wheat, at 55 cents, is	\$2,117 50
Corn at 15 cents,	450 00
Oats at 20 cents,	100 00
Potatoes at 20 cents,	60 00
Beef at 3 cents,	360 00
Pork at 24 cents,	276 25
Forty-three calves at \$3 per head,	129 00
Eighty shoats at \$1 per head,	80 00
Four colts at \$10 per head,	40 00
Three hundred tons of hay at \$1 75 per ton,	525 00

Amount, \$4,137 75

What farmer in Missouri has a crop equal to this one?

A man's life saved by a newspaper!—Mr. Samuel Waite was sitting in Wilson's drug-store, Portland, Maine, reading the Argus, when a chemic process was going on, which produced an explosion, scattering burning liquid in every direction: the newspaper operated as a shield to his face and neck, and thereby saved his life—other portions of his body were severely burned, and his clothes nearly burnt off.

Jour. Com.

A country woman seeing in a music shop window "Wanted a wife," stepped into the shop and said—"Ye're wantin' a wife, aw see, an' my darter Mary's wantin' a husband; see mebbe ye can byeth beethen!" The shopkeeper, taken aback by so abrupt a "popping of the question," was for some time a loss for an answer, but at length explained that it was not a partner for life he wanted, but a purchaser for a piece of music.

Louisiana Election.—All the parishes in Louisiana, except three, have been heard from. Johnson's majority (dem. for Governor) is 2568; Landry's (Lieut. Gov.) 1150. The Delta sums up the strength of parties in the Legislature thus:—Senate, 20 Democrats, 12 whigs; House, 53 democrats, 45 whigs.

DIED.

In this town, on the 20th inst., Edward Hall, son of Mr. O. G. Parsley, aged 5 months and 28 days.

Near Raleigh, on the 12th instant, Captain Thomas G. Scott, for many years Postmaster of that city. He was a member of the "Petersburg Volunteers" during the last war.

In Salisbury, on the 10th instant, Duncan Alexander, infant son of the Rev. Thomas F. Davis.

In Pensacola, Florida, on the first inst., Mrs. Ann Elizabeth Jordan, wife of Hon. Dillon Jordan, and daughter of the late James McRacken, of Fayetteville, in the 37th year of her age.

In Rowan, Mrs. Clementine Watson, wife of Mr. John Watson.

In Charlotte, Mr. John McCut, in the 22d year of his age.

Near Yanceyville, Mrs. Mary McBane, wife of James McBane, Esq.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKET.—Feb. 21.

There has been very little trade this week—not enough to vary our quotations. Cotton remains at 62 1/2. Flour plenty and no change. Corn still at 62. Oats very plenty and at a decline. All other articles without material change.

North Carolinian.

CHARLESTON MARKET.—Feb. 21.

Rice.—Sale of 2000 sacks at 34 to 35.

Rough Rice.—Sales 5000 bushels prime at 1 1/2.

Grain.—The receipts of the week of Corn have again been heavy, amounting to over 17000 bushels, principally N. Carolina, and 1700 bags (23 bushels each) western. The former has been disposed of at from 60 to 63 for a common article and from 65 to 70 for white provision. The latter, of rather a mixed quality, we understood to have brought in the vicinity of 65 cts, bags included.

Peas.—The receipts of Pease amount to 2550 bushels North Carolina, sold at 68 to 70 cts.

Oats.—2300 bushels Md. and Virginia Oats, brought 45 to 46.

Bacon.—Prices of Sides and Shoulders have somewhat declined, at the same time that the demand for both is very limited. For the former 7 1/2 a 7 3/4—and for the latter 6 1/2 a 6 3/4 is willingly accepted by holders. Hams are also in but little demand and prices very unsettled.

Lard.—A lot of new Western brought 8 cts, while an old article can be had at 7 1/2.

Salt.—The arrivals of the week amount to about 2000 sacks Liverpool a small quantity of which has only been sold at \$1.06.

NEW YORK MARKET.—Feb. 21.

Naval Stores.—The accounts from England which we publish to-day, are unfavorable for Naval Stores generally. (excepting Tar,) and prices there had further receded. The market here has remained inactive for Turpentine, with occasional small sales at some reduction from the general asking rate, though the effect of the above advices has not yet been made manifest no transactions having taken place since their reception. We have only to notice sales 500 bls. Newbern Turpentine, on private terms; and some Spirits Turpentine, in lots, at 62 1/2 a 63 cents, cash, and 65 1/2 mos.

Rice.—The recent advices from Euro have thus far had no effect upon the market. Some of the holders are willing to sell at the current rates previous to the arrival of the steamer, while others anticipate an advance. The sales since Wednesday morning, embrace 340 tiers at \$3.75 a \$4.25, cash for fair to good qualities—prime is still held firmly at \$4.50.

Arrivals at the Hanover House since last Thursday.

J. J. Thomas	N. C. B. Laheyre	N. C.
A. Underwood	do J. L. Russell	do
S. Wooten	do J. Johnson	do
W. S. Langdon	do J. G. Pickett and lady	do
J. Dillingham	do G. C. Smith	do
W. W. E. E. E.	do N. W. H. Whitfield and son	do
C. W. Williams	do F. H. M. Cowan	do
E. W. Williams	do J. H. Williams	do
J. C. Fadden	do N. C. Thomas H. Ashe & lady	do
J. Register	do G. Montague	do
A. Sellers	do A. Walcott	do
A. Peterson	do G. M. Cleburnt	do
J. C. Fadden	do B. Williams	do
C. H. Higden	do D. S. B. Everitt	do
S. A. Bells	do T. S. Bond	do
S. S. Biddle	do N. C. W. Sutherland	do

Arrivals at the Carolina Hotel since last Thursday.

A. H. Tappen	N. Y. Thomas C. Smith	Bladen
W. M. Peck	do J. H. Walslein	New York
A. Fobes	do J. C. McFarlane	do
George Greene	do J. Johnson	Fayetteville
H. W. Barzant	do J. H. Haskins	Enfield
M. Jordan and servant	do W. W. Pierce	Warsaw
Wm. Brinkley	do J. Griswold	Goldboro
N. F. Nixon	do N. H. Lindsag	Baltimore
A. Nixon	do J. Jones	Philad.
James McDaniel	do J. M. Lewis	N. Y.
Nathan McDaniel	do Mr. Hughes	Onslow
A. Sellers	do N. H. Jones	Boston
L. Burs	do David Jones	N. C.
N. L. McCreedy	do N. Y.	do

WILMINGTON MARKET.

WHOLESALE SALES PRICES.

BACON—Hams,	8 a	8 1/2
Middlings,	7 a	7 1/2
Shoulders,	6 1/2 a	7
Western,	6 a	—
BEESWAX,	25 a	27
BUTTER,	14 a	18
BEER, bl. mess,	9 00 a	00
prime,	5 50 a	6 50
CORN,	65 a	70
" Meal,	70 a	75
COFFEE,	8 a	9
COTTON,	5 a	6
CANDLES, tallow,	12 a	14
sperm,	30 a	35
Adamantine,	25 a	30
FEATHERS—Canal,	7 00 a	0 00
FLOUR—Fayetteville,	5 25 a	5 50
Hay, Northern, per 100 lbs	90 a	1 12 1/2
IRON,	4 75 a	5 50
LARD,	8 a	—
Western,	80 a	1 00
LIME, Thomastown,	90 a	1 00
LUMBER—Steam mill,	12 00 a	13 00
W. boards, plank & scant.	12 00 a	13 00
Quarter flooring,	13 00 a	14 00
Bill lumber extra prices,	—	—
River, Flooring boards,	12 00 a	12 50
wide, do,	7 00 a	7 50
Scantling,	4 75 a	5 50
Timber,	21 a	—
MOLASSES, W. I.	13 a	14 00
MACKEREL, No 1 retail,	2 a	8 50
" 2, "	4 00 a	4 50
" 3, "	4 1/2 a	5
NAILS,	—	—
NAVAL STORES, soft, Turp.	—	4 00
Virgin dip,	—	—
Tar,	1 25 a	1 37 1/2
Pitch,	1 55 a	2 50
Rosin No. 1,	2, 90 a	1 00
" 2, "	3, 70 a	—
" 3, "	—	60
Sp. Turp.	—	1 00
OIL, Sperm,	70 a	—
PEASE, Ground,	70 a	—
Black eye,	70 a	—
Cow,	60 a	—
PORK,—per bbl.	—	15 00
Northern Mess,	—	12 50
Prime,	5 00 a	5 50
fresh,	4 25 a	4 50
RICE,	1 10 a	1 20
rough, bush	35 a	50
SALT, Turks Island, bushel	1 25 a	1 35
Liverpool, sack,	4 a	5 1/2
SOAP,	2 50 a	3 00
SINGLES, country,	—	4 00
contract,	—	33
SPIRITS, Northern Rum,	32 a	33
Gin,	31 a	33
Whiskey,	27 a	31
Apple Brandy,	12 1/2 a	25
STEEL,	—	—
STAVES, W. O. Hhd. rough,	—	00 00
dressed,	—	12 00
R. O. Hhd. rough,	10 00 a	11 00
dressed,	7 1/2 a	8 1/2
SUGAR, West India,	6 1/2 a	7 1/2
New Orleans,	13 a	14
loaf	7 00 a	7 1/2
TALLOW,	3 00 a	3 75
Tobacco, leaf,	20 a	22
VARNISH,	20 a	25
WINE, Madeira,	2 a	2 50
Port,	2 a	2 25
Malaga,	34 a	45

BANK RATES OF EXCHANGE, WILMINGTON.

Bank checks on Philadelphia,	3 pr. ct. prem
" " New York,	—
" " Boston,	—

RATES OF FREIGHT HENCE TO NEW YORK

Naval Stores, 30 cts. Spirits Turp 50 per bbl, Rice, 12 1/2 cts. per hundred Cotton, 1 1/2 per bale Cotton goods and yarns, 50 cts. pr. baie, Tobacco, \$2 50 per hoghead, Lumber, \$6 a \$6 50 per m.

To Boston and Philadelphia, Naval Stores, 40 cents per bbl. Cotton goods and yarns, to Philadelphia, 6 cts per foot.

WILMINGTON MARKET.—Feb. 26.

TURPENTINE—\$4 for soft and \$2 to \$2 05 for Harl. sales have been made this week at \$4 10 for soft & \$2 10 for hard. There is at present a slight depression in the market. Some little enquiry for Tar—price ranging from \$1 60 to \$1 70. Last sales \$1 70—not much arriving.

LUMBER & TIMBER.—Our quotations above will show the average for all descriptions of Lumber and Timber. The market is well supplied with both articles and sales are dull. No change.

STAVES—Red oak hhd. dressed, are extremely dull: \$10 is all that has been offered to-day.—White oak bbl, rough, firm at 15 a \$16.

CORN—No arrival since last week; quotations nominal.

BACON.—The market continues well supplied, and Shoulders have declined a shade lower—see quotations. A lot of 6000 lbs. (old) Western Shoulders brought 4 1/2 cents at auction a few days since.

HAY—50 bales Philadelphia Hay at auction, went off at 75 and 90c.

MACKEREL—50 bls No. 3 Mackerel, sold a few days since, brought \$3 90 per bbl.

WHISKEY—A lot of 75 bls New Orleans Whiskey, at auction, brought 27 cents.

MAINE LIST.

PORT OF WILMINGTON.

ARRIVED.

Feb 21—Barque, Benj Adams, Adams, Porto Rico, to E. Dickinson.

21—schr A. R. Thompson, Ireland, Philadelphia, to G. W. Davis.

23—schr W. W. Brown, Francis, New York, to R. W. Brown.

The Gordon and R. W. Brown have come up from quarantine.

25—brig Orb, Gillpatrick, Porto Rico, to E. Dickinson.

CLEARED.

Feb 20—brig Cygnat, Kinney, New York, by G. W. Davis.

21—Br brig Mary Abigail, Goudy, Barbadoes, by C. D. Ellis & Co.

23—brig Lycoming, Luther, Matanzas, by Russell & Gammell.

24—brig Mary Jane, Lermond, Berlice, by Russell & Gammell.

24—brig Charles Henry, Bishop, Boston, by Barry & Bryant.

24—brig E. E. Enchantress, Lewis, Antigua, by G. W. Davis.

24—brig Curacao, Higgins, Curacao, by P. K. Dickinson.

25—brig Angeline, Linscott, Jamaica, by E. Dickinson.

25—brig Baltic, Stinchfield, Guadalupe, by E. Dickinson.

27—brig Llewellyn, Gould, Berlice, by E. Dickinson.

TO MERCHANTS.

Physicians, and Others.

THE subscriber keeps constantly for sale, at the lowest prices, an assortment of MEDICINES, DRUGS, DYE-STUFFS, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, VARNISH, BRUSHES, &c. &c.

He solicits that his prices will give satisfaction, the confident even those who may not intend to purchase at the time, to ascertain the prices of his goods.

Any communications, asking the prices of goods, are most cheerfully and promptly answered.

He would particularly state, that he has a Steam Factory in connexion with his store, for Powdering, Jap. Rhuabar, Ipecacuanha, and many other Medicines; for grinding Mustard, Cinnamon, Ginger, Allspice, Pepper, Cloves, &c.; and Lamp Black, Black Lead, Venetian Red, Chrome yellow and green, Verdigris, Yellow Ochre, and other Paints, in oil; all of which he is able to sell at the very lowest prices.

Paints mixed already for use, and put up in earthen pcts. of different sizes, for family convenience.

Putty of the best quality, at 2 1/2 cts. per lb., out of bladders, and 3 cents per lb. in bladders, in quantities of 50 lbs. and upwards.

No charge made for delivering goods in any part of the city.

J. W. W. GORDON, Druggist, No. 112 West Pratt st., a few doors from Light St. and opp. site the Ball. & Ohio K. R. Depot, Baltimore, February 18, 1846 24-3m

NOTICE.

WILL be sold on Tuesday of County Court, at the Court-house in Wilmington, 210 or 225 acres of LAND on the Sound, adjoining Court, Jno. Hill's. It is pleasantly situated for a summer residence, and one half of said land is good to clear for Corn or Ground Peas. MILES COSTIN, Feb. 27th, 1846. 24 2t.

NOTICE.

THE subscribers will receive proposals, until the first of April, for enclosing the Jail of this (Bladen) County, with a brick wall. It will require to be two feet thick, 28 by 36 feet, and 11 feet in height, gables to correspond and be covered with a good roof of Cypress or Juniper Shingles. There will also be required forty bars of iron, 1 1/2 inches square, for windows; of which there will be eight; a door of ordinary strength only required. All of the materials to be of the best quality, and bond and security for the faithful performance of the work required.

WM. J. COWAN, } Commissioners. H. H. ROBINSON, } Feb 27, 1846 24 3t

For Sale.

ON THURSDAY the 19th of March next, a large number of valuable SLAVES will be sold at the residence of James B. Shine, in Brunswick county. The said slaves will be sold for cash, for the purpose of paying sundry debts specified in a mortgage executed by James B. Shine in favor